

Neke poznate krive

- (1) prava $\alpha(t) = u + tv$, $u, v \in \mathbb{R}^n$, $n = 2, 3$, $v \neq 0$, $t \in (-\infty, \infty)$;
- (2) Arhimedova spirala $\rho = a\theta$;
- (3) astroida $\alpha(t) = (a \cos^3 t, a \sin^3 t)$, $t \in (0, 2\pi]$, $a > 0$, $x^{\frac{2}{3}} + y^{\frac{2}{3}} = a^{\frac{2}{3}}$, $a > 0$;
- (4) Bernoulli-jeva lemniskata $\alpha(t) = \left(\frac{a \cos t}{1 + \sin^2 t}, \frac{a \sin t \cos t}{1 + \sin^2 t} \right)$, $t \in (0, 2\pi)$;
- (5) Cassini-jevi ovali $(x^2 + y^2)^2 + 2a^2(y^2 - x^2) = b^4 - a^4$;
- (6) cikloide $\alpha(t) = (at - b \sin t, a - b \cos t)$, $t \in (0, 2\pi]$, za $a = b$, $x = a \arccos \frac{a-y}{a} - \sqrt{2ay - y^2}$;
- (7) Descartes-ov list $\alpha(t) = \left(\frac{3t}{1+t^3}, \frac{3t^2}{1+t^3} \right)$, $x^3 + y^3 = 3xy$;
- (8) Diocles-ova cisoida $\alpha(t) = \left(\frac{2at^2}{1+t^2}, \frac{2at^3}{1+t^2} \right)$, $x^3 + xy^2 - 2ay^2 = 0$;
- (9) elipsa $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$, $\alpha(t) = (a \cos t, b \sin t)$, $t \in (0, 2\pi]$, $a, b > 0$;
- (10) epicikloide $\alpha(t) = (R(m+1) \cos(mt) - Rm \cos t(m+1), R(m+1) \sin(mt) - Rm \sin t(m+1))$;
- (11) hiperbola $\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$, $\alpha(t) = (a \cosh t, b \sinh t)$, $t \in (0, 2\pi]$, $a, b > 0$;
- (12) hipocikloide $\alpha(t) = (R(1-m) \cos(mt) + Rm \cos t(1-m), R(m-1) \sin(mt) + Rm \sin t(m-1))$;
- (13) kardioda $\alpha(t) = (2a \cos t(1 + \cos t), 2a \sin t(1 + \cos t))$, $t \in (0, 2\pi)$;
- (14) krug $\alpha(t) = (r \cos t, r \sin t)$, $t \in (0, 2\pi]$, $r > 0$; $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$;
- (15) lančanica $y = a \cosh \frac{x}{a}$, $a > 0$, $\alpha(t) = \left(t, a \cosh \left(\frac{t}{a} \right) \right)$;
- (16) logaritamska spirala $r(\theta) = ae^{b\theta}$; $\alpha(t) = (ae^{bt} \cos t, ae^{bt} \sin t)$;
- (17) parabola $y^2 = 2px$, $\alpha(t) = (2pt^2, 2pt)$;
- (18) sinusoidne spirale $\rho^m = a^m \cos m\theta$;
- (19) traktrisa ("dog curve") $\alpha(t) = a \left(\sin t, \cos t + \log \left(\tan \left(\frac{t}{2} \right) \right) \right)$;
- (20) (desni kružni) heliks $\alpha(t) = (a \cos t, a \sin t, bt)$, $a > 0$, $t \in (0, \infty)$;
- (21) (desni kružni) konusni heliks $\alpha(t) = (at \cos t, at \sin t, bt)$, $a > 0$, $t \in (0, \infty)$;
- (22) Vivijanijeva kriva $\alpha(t) = a(1 + \cos t, \sin t, 2 \sin \frac{t}{2})$, $a > 0$;