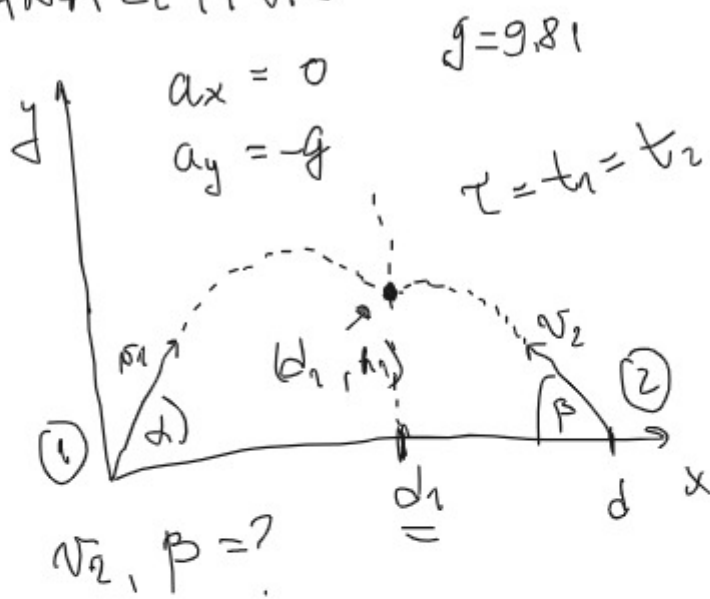


# ANALITIČKI



①  $x_1 = v_1 \cos \alpha t$

$y_1 = -\frac{1}{2} g t^2 + v_1 \sin \alpha t$

②  $x_2 = d - v_2 \cos \beta t = d_1$

$y_2 = -\frac{1}{2} g t^2 + v_2 \sin \beta t = h_1$

$t_1 = t_2 = \tau$

$x_1(\tau) = x_2(\tau) = d_1$

$y_1(\tau) = y_2(\tau)$

$d_1 = v_1 \cos \alpha \tau \rightarrow \tau = \frac{d_1}{v_1 \cos \alpha}$

$d_1 = d - v_2 \cos \beta \tau$

$\left[ d_1 = d - v_2 \cos \beta \frac{d_1}{v_1 \cos \alpha} \right]$  ①

$$-\left(\frac{g}{2} \tau^2 + v_1 \sin \alpha \tau\right) = \left(-\frac{1}{2} g \tau^2 + v_2 \sin \beta \tau\right)$$

$$\left[ \underline{v_1 \sin \alpha = v_2 \sin \beta} \right] \textcircled{2}$$

Kod

$v_2$  i  $\beta$  , znano  $\tau$

$$\underline{x_2 = d_1 \tau}$$

$$\underline{y_2 = h_1 \tau}$$

$$x_2 - d_1 = (v_2 \cos \beta \tau) - d_1 = 0$$

$\tau$

$$\textcircled{v_2, \beta}$$

$$\# \beta : \sim \textcircled{\frac{1}{\sin \beta}}$$

$\phi =$

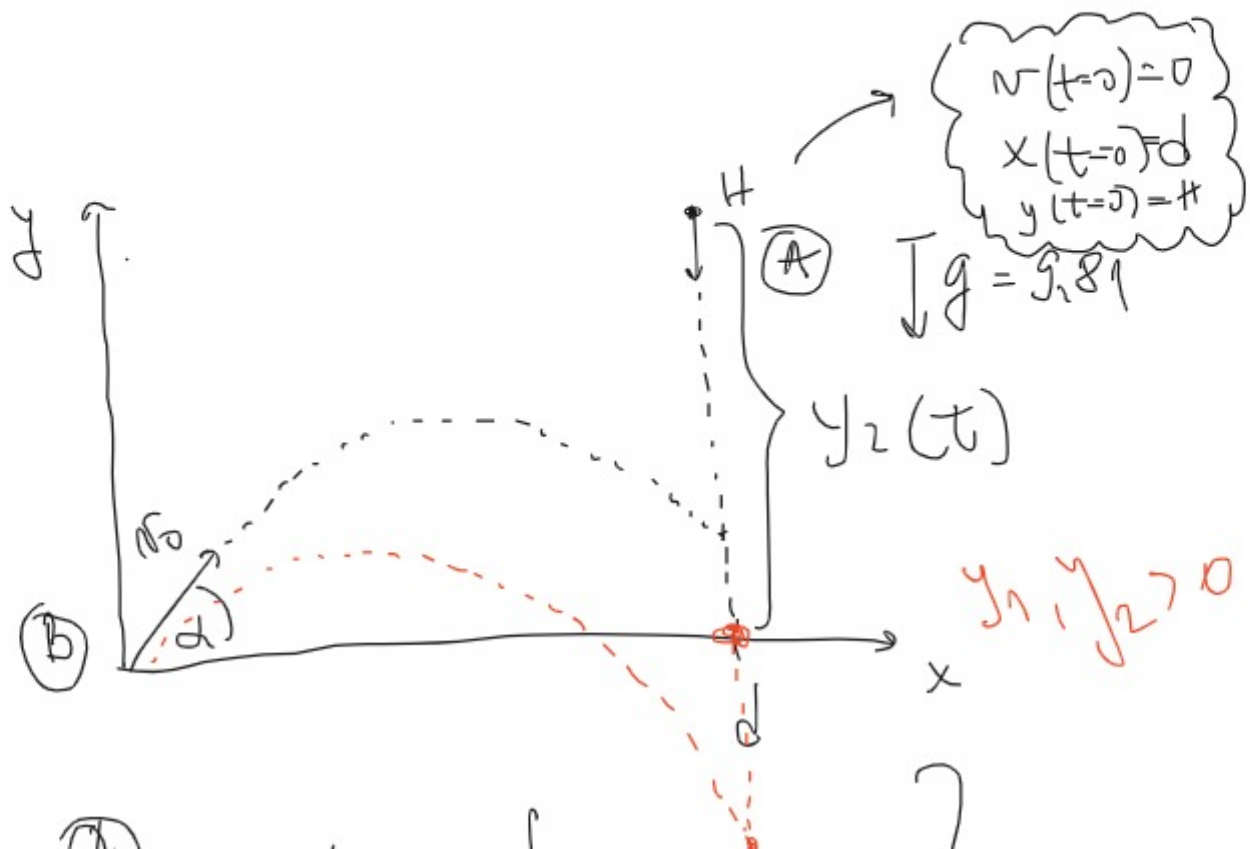
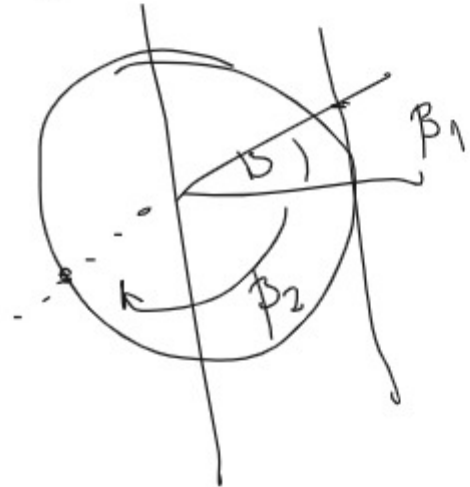
$$\frac{v_1}{\sin \alpha} = \textcircled{\sin \beta}$$

$$d - d_1 = v_2 \cos \beta \frac{d_1}{v_1 \cos \alpha}$$


$$\frac{v_1 \cos \alpha}{v_2 d_1} (d - d_1) = \cos \beta$$

$$\frac{v_1 \sin \alpha}{v_2} = \tan \beta$$

$$\frac{v_1 \cos \alpha}{v_2 d_1} (d - d_1)$$



$$\textcircled{A}: \left. \begin{aligned} x_n &= d \\ y_n &= H - \frac{1}{2}gt^2 \end{aligned} \right\}$$



$$a_x = 0 \quad \frac{dv_i \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} a_i}{dt}$$

$$a_y = -g$$

$$a_x = \frac{dv_x}{dt} = 0$$

$$\int dv_x = 0 \int dt = 0 + C$$

poč. uslov:

$$v_x(t) = C$$

$$v_x(t) = 0$$

$$\frac{dx_n}{dt} = v_x$$

$$x_n = d$$

$$a_y = -g$$

$$\int dv_y = -g \int dt$$

$$v_y = -gt + C$$

$$v_y(t) = -gt$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -gt$$

$$\int dy = \int -gt dt$$

$$y = -g \frac{t^2}{2} + C$$

$$y_n = -g \frac{t^2}{2} + H$$

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$$x_2 = v_0 \cos \alpha t$$

$$y_2 = -\frac{1}{2} g t^2 + v_0 \sin \alpha t$$

$$x_1 = x_2 = d$$

$$y_1 = y_2$$

$$t_1 = t_2 = t$$

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$$x_2 = v_0 \cos \alpha t = d$$
$$t = \frac{d}{v_0 \cos \alpha}$$

$t = t:$

$$H - \frac{1}{2} g t^2 = \left( -\frac{1}{2} g t^2 + v_0 \sin \alpha t \right)$$

$$t = \frac{H}{v_0 \sin \alpha}$$

$$\frac{d}{\cancel{\% \cos \alpha}} = \frac{H}{\cancel{\% \sin \alpha}}$$

$$\boxed{\tan \alpha = \frac{H}{d}}$$

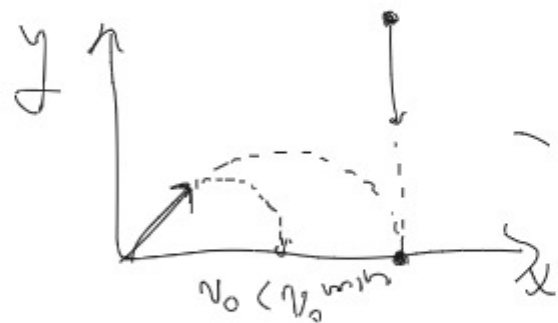
(15):  $y_2 = -\frac{1}{2}gt^2 + v_0 \sin \alpha t$

$$y_2 = -\frac{1}{2}g \frac{H^2}{v_0^2 \sin^2 \alpha} + \cancel{v_0 \sin \alpha} \frac{H}{\cancel{v_0 \sin \alpha}}$$

$$\left[ H - y_2 = \frac{1}{2}g \frac{H^2}{\sin^2 \alpha} \frac{1}{v_0^2} \right]$$

$$0 \leq y_2 \leq H$$

$$\boxed{y_2 = 0}$$



$$H = \frac{1}{2}g \frac{H^2}{\sin^2 \alpha} \frac{1}{v_0^2}$$

$$N_0^{\min} = \sqrt{\frac{gH}{2\bar{\sigma}^2 \alpha}}$$

$$y_2 = H$$

$$D \propto \frac{1}{N_0^2}$$

$$N_0 \rightarrow \infty \quad (v_0 \rightarrow c)$$